

KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

[NUMB. VII.]

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1795.

[VOL. IX.]

CASH,

Will be given for
**GOOD SOUND
PACK-HORSES,**

Fit for immediate service,

FROM four to eight years old, at Madison court house, from Tuesday the third of November, (it being court day,) until Friday following; and at Lexington, from Monday the ninth of November, till the Friday following.

N. Shaw, AQM.

* * * Also wanted, a number of **PACK-HORSE-MEN**, who will engage for six months, except sooner discharged.

October 29.

Wanted.

TWENTY TENANTS.

WHO will take leases for four years, of cleared and un-cleared land, and will engage to clear in the Kentucky fashion during their lease at least fifteen acres for each family. The tract of land is large, of the first quality, and lies within six miles of Lexington. Apply to the Printer.

FOR SALE,

The following tracts of
L A N D, (Viz.)

TWO thousand acres on Salt river, twelve miles above Buller's lick, Jefferson county.

Five hundred acres on Cedar creek, Nelson.

Two hundred do. do.

Two hundred do. do.

Two hundred do. near Bullitt's lick.

Two hundred and fifty do. on Jay's fork of Silver creek, Madison.

Three hundred and forty-eight and two thirds do. near the mouth of Green river.

Five hundred do. on Cabin creek, six miles above Limestone, near the Ohio.

Three hundred and fifty do. five miles east of Lexington, on North Elkhorn, Fayette; with an improvement of forty acres cleared land, a dwelling house twenty-four by eighteen, of hewed logs, a kitchen eighteen by fifteen, of do. and some cabins, cribs &c. about four acres planted with peach trees, a hundred and odd apple trees, and some meadow. The terms of said lands will be made known by applying to the subscriber living on the last mentioned tract.

William Porter jun.

P. S. I have also for sale, four or five head of **HORSES**, amongst which is a full bred seed Horse, of an elegant form, upwards of fifteen hands high.

W. P.

Wanted,

AN APPRENTICE

TO THE

TANNING BUSINESS.

A LAD of about sixteen or seventeen years of age, who can be well recommended, and of a good family, will be received by the subscriber fourteen miles from Lexington, on the Hickman road, to

Jonas Davinport.

The subscriber has FOR SALE,
A QUANTITY OF

EXCELLENT VINEGAR:

Which he will sell by the barrel or gallon.

Jacob Kiefer, Distiller.
Lexington, October 24. tf

STOLEN.

ON Sunday night last, the twenty-fifth instant, out of the pasture of the subscriber, a black HORSE, sixteen hands high, blaze face, wall eyes, the left has been fore, and there still remains a scum on it; hind feet white, no brand perceivable. A Reward of FIFTEEN DOLLARS will be paid on the delivery of the horse and thief, or SIX DOLLARS for the horse alone.

William McClelland.

Bourbon county, October 26. 43t

Twenty Dollars reward.

DISAPPEARED from my flock of herds, three mites north of Woodford court house, about the first of April last, three valuable young MARKS, neither docked nor branded; two of which are two years old, the one a foal the other a bay; the bay has been taken up by Thomas Stevenson, on North Elkhorn, and shortly after the left me, (previously to her being taken up) was bed'd and branded something like this T, tho' not plain. It is probable the others may be used in the same manner—the foal is about fourteen hands and a half high, a star in her forehead, no flesh marks that I recollect, the is well formed—the other is one year old, but small, a fine bay, her legs inclines to the color of her body, no particular marks. (Should they be sold to any person I hope they will come forward and deliver the property, as I mean them not to be lost.) Ten Dollars will be given for any one of them.

Wm. Bowland.

October 13. 4w

By virtue of a Power of Attorney

Will be Sold to the Highest

Bidder,

Before the door of Mr. Weigler's Tavern in the Town of Frankfort, on Thursday, the 19th day of November next,

That VALUABLE TRACT of

L A N D,

LYNG opposite said town, late the property of Col. Edmund Lyne dec. containing four hundred acres. On the above day and place, will be sold, one thousand acres, lying on Harrod's creek, Jefferson county, patented in the name of William Lyne, devisee of George Lyne dec'd; this land is said to be very valuable. And on the 25th day of the same month will be sold, in like manner, on the premises, that valuable tract whereon Col. Edmund Lyne lived, in Bourbon county, containing 400 acres. The sales will be on the above mentioned days, if fair; if not, the next fair day. A credit of twelve months will be given for one half the purchase money, on giving bond and approved security, to carry interest from the date if not punctually paid; the other half to be paid on making the deeds of conveyance.

Wm. Starling;

September 14, 1795.

THOMAS HART & SON,
Have Just Received, and are now opening,
An EXTENSIVE and GENERAL
Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which they will sell LOW by
Whole Sale or Retail.

They have also a large assortment of

Bowling Cloths & Copper.

Which they will sell at a more reduced price than they have ever sold at in this country.

Nº. IV.

THE TREATY.

TO THE WELL DISPOSED PEOPLE
OF KENTUCKY.

(From our left.)

Fellow-Citizens.

THINKING that I have made the sixth article sufficiently perspicuous to shew the errors in the objections which have been made to it, and in a great degree if not entirely to guard it against further misrepresentation; I shall now pass on to the seventh article, which states—"Whereas complaints have been made by divers merchants & others citizens of the United States, that during the course of the war in which his majesty is now engaged, they have sustained considerable losses, and damage, by reason of irregular or illegal captures, or condemnations of their vessels, and other property, under colour of authority or commissions from his majesty, and that from various circumstances, belonging to the said cases, adequate compensation for the losses, and damages, so sustained, cannot now be actually obtained, had, and received by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings; it is agreed, that in all such cases where adequate compensation cannot, for whatever reason be now actually obtained, had, and received, by the said merchants and others in the ordinary course of justice, full and complete compensation for the same will be made by the British government to the said complainants. But it is distinctly understood, that this provision is not to extend to such losses or damages as have been occasioned by the manifest delay, or negligence, or willful omission of the claimants." And for the purpose of carrying this article into effect, commissioners are to be appointed, with the same powers, as those mentioned in the sixth article, they are to decide according to the justice of the claim, and the law of nations, and to award the sum to be paid by the British government; and they are also to take into their consideration, and determine the cases of vessels and merchandise taken within the limits, and jurisdiction of the States and brought into the ports of the same; or taken by vessels originally armed in the ports of the said States; and it is agreed that in all such cases where restitution shall not have been made agreeably to the tenor of Mr. Jefferson's letter to Mr. Hammond, annexed to the treaty, the complaints of the parties are to be adjudged by the said commissioners, who are to award the sums to be paid by the United States.

The most plausible objection which I have heard to this article is founded on the mode of recovering damages for the injuries done the citizens of the United States, it being thought both uncertain and dilatory. It is observable in answer to this objection, that the mode of redress is equally applicable, to both parties—it is the mode adopted, for compensating British creditors, for the losses they have sustained by the operation of lawful impediments since the peace. It is then as fair for the one as the other. It will be as speedy for one as the other. And what applies equally to both sides is surely as fair for the one as for the other.

It is desirable that some more speedy mode of recovery had been devised, if any other be attainable. But no reasonable man can suppose that the British government should have satisfied the demand of every claimant without examination into the justice of his demand. As well might they require of us to satisfy their claims for debts, and captures without evidence of their justice or even existence. It is proper that the claims on each side should be examined into, and their justice substantiated by evidence, before they are allowed; the damages also arising in each case should be ascertained by some common rule, applicable to the actual injury. This could only be done by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, or by an extraordinary tribunal, constituted for the purpose. It was conceived on both sides that the cases provided for by the treaty, was out of the reach of the ordinary courts, and consequently required, an extraordinary one, to afford the adequate remedy. For it is observable that the ordinary courts are open on both sides, and where they are competent to afford relief, it is to be sought in them. And this is what both sides will assert, and contend for in vindication of their respective administration of justice. A court of Commissioners, or in other words arbitrators chosen by the parties was unavoidable; and the manner in which they are to be chosen, and are authorized to act promises as impartial justice, as moderate men will expect or require.

It is somewhat remarkable that those who make objections to this treaty, do not offer any thing in the place of the defects which they pretend to point out, that is even plausible, or practicable. We should think our money but ill bestowed on the physician, who could tell us we were sick, without being able to prescribe the cure; and surely the politician, is as little worthy of attention, who suggests the evil in public transactions, without at the same time pointing out the remedy. It is easy to object; it is difficult to amend; and while the rudest and most ignorant can destroy—it requires the hand of an artist to build.

H. MARSHALL.

October, 1795.

Nº. II.

To HUMPHREY MARSHALL, one of the Senators from the State of Kentucky, in the Congress of the United States.

[Continued from our last.]

YOUR next attempt is to prove, that so much of this article as respects British settlers and traders is agreeable to the laws of nations, and to justice and to good policy; you also declare that it was humane to include them in the treaty, and that the stipulations which it contains in their favor, were proper. How does it happen that you are not only the advocate of the old Tories, but also the warm friend of these settlers and traders, who you acknowledge have been charged with fomenting Indian animosities, and encouraging Indian depredations; and of whom it is alleged as a fact, that some people from the neighborhood of Detroit were with the Indians in battle last year. It is not possible for the real friends to the Western country, to have greater or more just causes of hatred to any people, than they have had to these men for many years, to them are justly to be imputed, most of the massacres which have been committed, on our fellow ci-

tizens, our friends, and our relations: if then pretended reasons of public policy, or the want of sympathy for our sufferings in the negotiator, or in a majority of the senate, caused a treaty to be made and approved, which contained the most improper terms in their favour: we should have expected, that our senator would not have consented to those terms; but admitting that any reasons really arising from public policy, ought to have induced him to consent to such terms, certainly there could be no necessity for his sleeping out, as the warm advocate of those people, and speaking of them and their interests, with as much zeal as he ought to have conferred those of his own countrymen. I will now enquire whether your zeal for their interests, great as it evidently is, has been able to adduce arguments sufficient to prove, that the terms given to them are agreeable to the laws of nations, justice and good policy. But before I go into the argument, I will endeavor to meet you in some proposition, which may properly confine that argument to a point. You define the matter in dispute to be this: "That British subjects residing in the American territory, may continue to be British subjects, and hold their lands, houses and effects." This is not a just state of the dispute; because it involves in it, the propriety of suffering them to retain their personal property, which no person ever denied; and because it excludes, two of the most important features of that article, which are first, that these privileges are granted to British subjects residing in the American territory; and secondly, that although they do reside and hold land within the American territory, "they shall not be compelled to become citizens of the United States, or to take any oath of allegiance to the government thereof." The true subject of dispute may be fairly stated thus: "Is it right that British subjects residing within the American territory, should be allowed to hold and occupy a part of that territory, under claims derived from the king of Great Britain, without becoming citizens of the United States, and without being liable to be called upon to take any oath of allegiance thereto." The laws of nations have nothing to do with the decision of this question, because it is not a claim founded on the laws of nations, but on the treaty only; and the terms granted by this article to the British settlers, are clearly of such a nature as to have left it discretionary in the American government, to have granted them or not; for in your own quotation Vattel says, "every state has the liberty of granting or refusing foreigners, the power of possessing lands or other immovable goods within their territory," as the laws of nations then, did not make it the duty of the American government to give these terms to British settlers, let us enquire, whether they were compelled to do it either by principles of justice or public policy. These settlers became so, either prior or subsequent to the treaty of '83. Those who were so prior to the treaty of '83, could have no right to expect any stipulations to be made in this treaty in their favour, which was not contained in that treaty: for unless their claims were recognized by that treaty, they have already held the land they occupy for 12 years without any right. Those who have become settlers since the treaty of '83, could have no claim whatever on the American government: because they made their settlement under the British government, in defiance of the treaty, with full notice of the American right, as established by that treaty, in point of justice then they had no claim to the stipulations in their favour contained in this article. If any of them, as you suppose was the case, had legal claims to their land prior to

the treaty of '83, that treaty secured those claims from confiscation. And the 11th article of this treaty, not only allowed them to hold such lands, but also empowered them to grant, sell or devise the same to whom they pleased; this then was certainly going as far as justice required, because if they elected to continue British subjects, all that they could ask of the American government, was permission to dispose of their property, and go with the proceeds, into the territory of that government. If then the privileges given these settlers by the treaty, were not necessary on principles of justice, were they proper on principles of public policy. If you will make a small alteration in your own quotation from Vattel, it would prove unquestionably, that it was contrary to public policy to grant them these privileges; with such an alteration it would read thus: "If the privilege of remaining in the country was granted to these settlers, it should have been upon the express terms, that they should in all respects be subject to the laws of America, in the same manner that the other inhabitants were subject to them. The government of the whole should extend over all the inhabitants of a country, and it would be absurd to except a part of those inhabitants from it, on account of their being foreigners." I defy you to produce a single line from any writer existing before Jay's treaty, who had given it as his opinion, that it would be good policy, to permit any persons whatever, to hold and reside on lands in a country, without becoming citizens of that country, and being liable to be called on to take an oath of allegiance or fidelity to that country. You say, "That this principle is embraced in part at least, by the land law of Kentucky, which permits foreigners, British subjects and others, to purchase and hold land for a limited time in the territory of Kentucky." Let this law speak for itself; it declares, that "all persons as well foreigners as others, shall have a right to assign or transfer warrants or certificates of survey for lands, and any foreigner may locate and have the same surveyed, and after returning a certificate of survey into the Land-office, shall be allowed the term of eighteen months to become a citizen or to transfer his right in such certificate of survey to some citizen of this or any other of the United States of America." Compare this law with the clause under consideration, and blush if you can, at your assertion, that the principle contained in the treaty is embraced in part by the law—the law expressly guards against that which is expressly allowed by the treaty—that no man except the citizens of America, should for any longer term than eighteen months, be allowed to hold land in Kentucky. I am a stranger to the laws of Pennsylvania, but will venture to assert, that it cannot be true that they permit any man to hold and reside on land in that state, without being liable to be called on, to give assurance of his fidelity to the state; and to be punished for any breach of his allegiance to the state. It is observable that in all your reasoning on this subject you have carefully kept out of sight, that part of the clause which permits British subjects to reside in the American Territory without becoming citizens, or taking the oath of allegiance to the American government.

[To be continued.]

Lexington, October 31.

The latest accounts from Philadelphia state, that from thirty to forty persons die every twenty-four hours in New-York, with the fever that rages in that place—That the French had captured Bilboa in Spain—That thirteen thousand emigrants had been lately landed in Quiberon bay by the British, who were attacked by the

Republications under Gen. Hoche, and entirely exterminated—And, that in consequence of the late victories of the French, Spain had entered into a treaty with France, much to the advantage of that Republic—That the President of the United States has disqualified Mr. Moore, British Consul, resident in Newport, from acting any longer in that Capacity, in consequence of his coalescence in the infamous conduct of the blustering capt. Home—That the Africa has returned off Newport, after a fruitless chase of the Medusa.

A PROCLAMATION.

STATE OF KENTUCKY: WHEREAS A Treaty of peace, between the United States of America and the tribes of Indians called the Wyandots, Delawares, Shawanates, Ottawas, Chippawas, Patawatamas, Miamis, Fellers, Weas, Kickapows, Piankashaws and Kaskashias, was concluded upon at Greenville, by his excellency Maj. General Wayne, and the aforesaid tribes, on the third day of August 1795: And whereas a strict observance of the said Treaty, by the inhabitants of Kentucky may be a means of securing to them, that long wished for, and permanent peace with the said Indian tribes, to be essential to the general welfare of the United States, as well as the particular interest of this State: I have thought proper to issue this my Proclamation, hereby recommending a strict observance of the same, and cautioning the citizens of this Commonwealth against any infraction or violation of the said treaty.

Given under my hand as Governor of the said Commonwealth, at Frankfort, the twenty-second day of September, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, & of the Commonwealth the fourth.

ISAAC SHELBY.

By the Governor, JAMES BROWN, Sec'y.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post Office, Frankfort, & if not taken out in three months will be sent to the general Post Office as dead letters:

ROADNAX, HENRY, near Frankfort.
The Clerk of the Court of Appeals, Frankfort.
Graham, George, Esq. Preston, Kentucky.
Haincock, Samuel, at or near the Salt works.
Marshall, Humphrey, Esq. Kent.
Roberts, John, Frankfort.
Speed, Thomas, Mann's lick.
Schoolfield, Benjamin, addler, Frankfort, 2.
Storeman, William, Franklin.
Trigg, William, Frankfort.

Peter G. Voerhies, P.M. October 13.

Public Notice.

THAT I have a tract of land lying in the county of Green, on Pitman's creek containing one thousand acres—and that on Wednesday the 25th, day of November next, I shall attend at the place where the improvement on said tract of land was made, with Daniel Brown and Thomas Denton, for the purpose of taking their depositions, to be hereafter read as evidence, should any dispute arise. All persons interested therein, or having a claim that interferes with my claim, are hereby required to attend at the day and place aforesaid.

Elias Barbee.

October 25.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that a company will meet at the three Islands on Monday the sixteenth of November in order to start early on the next morning to the Sciota.

Notice

IS hereby given to all whom it may concern: that an arbitration bond has been entered into between Humphrey Marshall and William Kelly, relative to an interference between two entries, the one in the name of Arthur Fox, and the other in the name of William Lamb and an entry in the name of John Crittenden, upon which a decision was in part made, with which we are advised, that we ought not, and cannot be compelled to comply. All persons are therefore forewarned from purchasing from the said Humphrey Marshall, or any person interested in the said entry in the name of John Crittenden. For the more certain information of the public the following is a copy of the entry (to wit) "John Crittenden makes the following amendment to his entry of 4757 acres as adjuage of Thomas Marshall, on part of a treasury warrant, No. 11,399 beginning in the line of William Bennett's preemption of one thousand acres known by the name of Crittenden's camp, running S. ten W. to G. Wale's N. W. corner of a survey of one thousand acres, thence with said Wale's line and Thomas Wall's S. 80 E. six hundred and 12 poles, thence with Thomas Wall's S. ten W. 300 poles to his corner, thence N. 80 W. two hundred and thirteen poles to George Wall's line, thence along his line to Ben. Ashby's line of a survey of five hundred acres, thence with said line S. W. until it strikes said Crittenden's line of a survey of four hundred acres, thence S. E. to the corner thereof, thence S. W. with said line until it strikes a preemption of said Crittenden's of one thousand acres, thence S. E. with said line to the corner, thence N. E. to William Elliott's and Jacob Myers's corners of a preemption of one thousand acres, thence Eastwardly with said Myers's line and other prior lines down Shannon's branch and from the beginning with said Bennett's line and the line of a fifteen hundred acre entry made by John Bradford in 1786, for some person whose name I know not, passing the corner on same direction for quantity, excluding two hundred and fifty acres of Miriam Calmes. February 8th 1783."

A Copy. Teste.

ROBERT PARKER, S.F.C. Catherine Kelly, Widow of Samuel Kelly dec'd.
William Kelly, James Scott & Elizabeth Scott his wife, Margaret Kelly, Samuel Kelly, Eleanor Kelly, John Kelly, Rebecca Kelly, Sarah Kelly, & Jane Kelly.

Witnesses of S. Kelly dec'd. and Robert Parker.

Twenty-five Cents

FOR apprehending and delivering to me in Lexington, LAMIE RICHARDSON, an Apprentice to the hatting business. He is about seventeen years old, well grown; much addicted to lying. All persons are cautioned against harboring him, as they shall answer it at their peril.

Arch. Brown.

October 23. 3P

SAMUEL AYRES,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general that he has removed his shop higher up on Main street, next door above Mr. Moore's, and nearly opposite the Free Mason's lodge, where he still continues to make and repair all kinds of Gold and Silver work and repair watches in the neatest and best manner. All those who please to favor him with their custom, may depend on having their work done as expeditious as the time and nature of the business will admit.

Lexington, February 7

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership of ELISHA WINTERS & Co. will expire on the first day of December next. All persons having any demands, are hereby requested to call without delay; and those who are indebted, to make immediate payment, particularly those who have engaged produce, as none can be received after the said first day of December (unless under a particular engagement;) and as the subscriber expects to leave this country soon after the expiration of the said copartnership, he will be under the disagreeable necessity of leaving all their bonds, notes and book accounts in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

Elisha Winters.

Lexington, Octobe 22.

FOR SALE,

Five hundred acres of LAND,

WITH a general warranty, lying in Franklin county at the mouth of Elkhorn, about eight miles from Frankfort, it being one moiety of a preemption granted to John Condit; the greater part of which is bottom, and a probability of a good mill-site thereon. For further particulars apply to Mr. John Clay, in Lexington, or to the subscriber in Frankfort.

Willis Lee,

TAKEN up by the subscriber, on the waters of the fork Elkhorn, Scott county, a bay HORSE, about five years old, branded on the near shoulder the resemblance of D, a small star in the forehead, the near fore foot crooked; with a shoe on it; appraised to 151.

James White.

May 8.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Campbell county, on Bank lick, a bay MARE, fourteen hands high, a small star in her forehead, near fore foot white, 4 years old; appraised to 101.

Obediah Scott.

August 15.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near Boons Station one bay mare colt to years old thirteen hands and a half high branded on the off shoulder and buttock thus WS; appraised to 81.

Randel Nee

Fayette, August 18; 1795

NOTICE is hereby given to all who may be interested, that on the fourth Monday in November next, in pursuance of an order of the Court of Madison County I will attend the Commissioners appointed by said court, at the improvement of Clough Overton, alias of William Bartlett, near the North fork of Licking, about one mile above the bridge over said fork, then and there to take and perpetuate the testimony of sundry witnesses for the purpose of establishing said improvement.

Joseph Berry.

I have appointed Mr. F. BENEZER MILLER, to collect and receive any money due for the Kentucky Gazette, in the counties South of the Kentucky river, whose receipt shall be good against

JOHN BRADFORD.

Oct. 10, 1794.

NOTICE,

To all the good people of this place as well as those who may frequent the same,

THAT I have the pleasure of informing them of opening a BAKE-SHOP in the house of Mr. Benj. S. Cox, near the corner of Main and Cross streets, formerly occupied by Isaac Ware, where they may be supplied with BREAD, CAKES and BEER, as well as BISCUITS for travellers, at the shortest notice, equal to any in this State, by their most obedient humble servant.

GEO. A. WEAVER.

Lexington, Oct. 5, 1795.

NOTICE.

THE Sheriffs, Collectors and Clerks of the several counties within this commonwealth, are desired to come forward early in November, and settle for the sums respectively due, for the Revenue tax for the year 1794. All those who have not obtained a Quotus for the preceding years must not expect any further indulgence.

WM. M'DOWELL, A. P. A
Frankfort, Sept. 28, 1795.

The Subscriber

Intending to start for Philadelphia in November next,

REQUESTS those who are indebted to him will make payment (to Mr. Samuel Downing, who is authorized to receive the same) prior to that time. All those who fail in complying with this, may depend on their accounts being handed to a proper officer.

John Crozier.

Sept. 15th.

LEXINGTON RACES.

A Subscription Purse,

WILL be run for over the course at this place, the second Thursday in November next, free for any horse, mare or gelding, carrying weight for age, the four mile heats. Aged horses carrying ten stone weight—six years old nine stone—five years, eight stone—four years, seven stone—three years old a feather.

On Friday will be run for over the same ground the three mile heats,

A Subscription Purse,

Free for any horse, mare or gelding, carrying weight for age as above.

And on Saturday the day following will be run for, over the same ground, the two mile heats,

The Entrance Money

Of the three days, free for none but three years old—the winning horse the two preceding days excepted.

Three horses to start or no race. The entrance money the first day two guineas, and so in proportion the two following days. Horses to be entered with Mr. Samuel Jamieson, the day before the race or payable entrance at the pole. Proper judges will be appointed to determine any disputes that may arise.

October 8.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living at the forks of Licking, Campbell County, a negro wench named Dianah, about thirty years of age, low and thick I expect she is somewhere about Lexington whoever delivers the said wench to the subscriber, or secures in the Lexington or Bourbon jail, so that I get her again shall have the above reward.

Alvin Mountjoy.

October 28.

NOTICE is hereby given to all who may be interested that on the fourth Monday in November next, in pursuance of an order of the court of Clark county, I will attend the commissioners, appointed by said court, at the improvement of William Bramblitt, on Stoner's fork of Licking then and there, to take and perpetuate the testimony of sundry witnesses, for the purpose of establishing said improvement.

William Bramblitt.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Fayette county little north fork of Elkhorn, a black filly, one year old, last spring a blaze face, hind feet white, branded on the near buttock R, natural trotter; appraised to 41. 10s.

John Ryley.

December 9, 1794.

to whom it may concern:

NOTICE is hereby given, that that on Saturday the 26th of December 1795, I shall meet at an old Indian camp called for in an entry of 3000 acres made in the name of Nathaniel Hart, in the year 1780, on the waters of Licking near Flemming's creek, in Mason county, in order to take the deposition of a witness to perpetuate testimony to establish the calls of said entry.

Robert Johnson.

October 26.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Clark county, Howards creek, abay mare, fourteen hands high, paces natural, no brands, three years old, appraised to 121.

Charles Gentry.

July 28

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on Howards upper creek, near Dunaways station, Clarke county a Dark brown mare, about eight or nine years old, fourteen hands and a half high, a star in her forehead, a few saddle spots on her back and a small white spot on her right thigh, trots, branded on the near shoulder I C though not plain; appraised to 141. 10s.

Wm Cotton.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, on Pitman's creek, a bay horse, about fourteen hands three inches high six or seven years old, a heavy mane and tail, small star in the forehead a bell on that is hung by a leather strap and a double buckle, branded on the near shoulder an buttock S a natural trotter; appraised to 171. Also a blue dan mare, about fourteen hands high, seven or eight years old, a snip on the nose, both hind feet white, the tail has been scraped, a heavy mane, several saddle marks, branded on both shoulders B M, and other brands not plain, appraised to 141.

William Lee.

April 23.

Notice.

I AM induced by the imprudent conduct of my wife Rachel Ford, to forewarn all persons from crediting her on my account, as I will not pay any debts the may contract after this date.

John Ford.

October 26.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Fayette county, about seven miles from Lexington, on the road leading to Frankfort, a bay mare, about three years old, a star and snip, white on the three feet, a mixture of white hairs on her back, about thirteen hands and a half high, has on a 45 bell, a leather strap and brass buckle, appraised to 81 10s.

John Brookley.

October 14.

Two Dollars Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber on Thursday last, JOE, a brown, likely negro man, about five feet eight or ten inches high, about twenty-eight years of age, has a scar across his nose and has lost all the toes off his right foot. Whoever apprehends said negro and delivers him to me, or secures him in jail, so that I get him, shall have the above reward.

John Graves.

October 25.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Clarke county, on Hingston, near Capt. Lains a bay sorrel mare, ten years old, with a large blaze in her face, and both hind feet white, has some saddle spots, thirteen hands three inches high, branded on the left shoulder RH; appraised to fourteen pounds.

William Tomfson.

August 25.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on salt river, about five miles from Thomas Lillars, Frank-
lin County, a bay mare three years old last spring, neither docked nor branded her mane hangs to the left side, is about thirteen hands and a half high appraised to 101.

Sherwood Knight.

August 14, 1795.

Run away.

On the 27th day of September, from the subscriber living in the forks of Dick's river, Lincoln county,

GULLY;

A NEGRO MAN, nineteen or twenty years old, five feet five or six inches high, had on a blue country cloth coat, a clouded red and white waistcoat, line overalls, high crowned hat, the top of which had been torn off and down on a gain, barefoot, whoever apprehends said negro, and secures him in any jail or brings him home, shall be handsomely rewarded.

Frederick Burditt.

October 14.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, Fayette County, little North Elkhorn, a bay horse about 14 1-2 hands high, six years old, a small star in forehead, paces and trots branded O on the near shoulder, a star nearly in this form -, on the off shoulder; appraised to 171.

John Shannon.

Run away

FROM the subscriber, living near Frankfort, on Saturday the seventeenth instant, a mulatto man named JACK, about five feet ten inches high, about twenty-two years of age, very straight made; had on when he went away a dark coloured tartan coat, lightish coloured close bodied coat of country made cloth, leather breeches, an old pair of cotton stockings and deer skin moccasins. As the above fellow was formerly the property of Col. John Campbell, it is likely he is some where in the neighbourhood of Lexington. I will give a reward of ten dollars to any person who will deliver the said negro to me, or secure him in any jail, so that I get him again.

Robt. Montgomery.

October 29

NOTICE is hereby given to all who may be interested therein, that on the third Monday in November next, I will, in pursuance of an order of the court of Bourbon county, attend the commissioners appointed by said court at the beginning corner of Berea, to divide the claim of Berea, on the dividing ridge between the waters of Hingston's fork and Main Licking, between the Upper and Lower Blue Lick roads, and at the place known as the beginning corner of one of the old Ohio Company's surveys then and there to take and perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses relative to said beginning corner.

Joseph Berry.

I DO hereby forewarn all persons from trading for, or taking an assignment on a note given by me to William Loghton of Logan county, for the sum of forty pounds trade, to be paid at cash rate, due the twenty-fifth of December 1795; the said note was given in consequence of a purchase of land, which land it appears the said Loghton cannot make a good right to; I therefore will not pay the note until I can get a right to the land.

James Atwood.

October 15.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Woodford county, near Kinkham's ferry, a black filly, about one year old, with a star and small snip, the left hind foot white, no brand perceivable appraised to 51.

James Ligget.

June 18.

Wanted to Hire,
A Good COOK.

A smart NEGRO BOY,
Between fifteen and twenty
years old, for which a generous
will be given. Apply to the Prin-
ter.

IN consequence of a contract
made with the Trustees of the
Transylvania Seminary for the
land in Jefferson county, belong-
ing to the Seminary; we wish
to engage a number of families to
settle on them, and will either
give a lease for a number of years,
or on their taking it for a shorter
term, will pay them a sum of mo-
ney for improving. For terms ap-
ply to THOMAS HART in Lexing-
ton.

Thomas Hart & Co.
YOUNG & BRIGHT,
BOOT & SHOE-MAKERS.

RESPECTFULLY inform their
Friends and the Public, that
they have opened shop in the house
formerly occupied by Benjamin S.
Cox as a Saddler's shop, the second
door from the corner of Main and
Cross streets, in Lexington, where
they carry on the above business in
all its various branches; those who
may please to favor them with
their custom may depend on having
their work done in the neatest and
best manner and on the shortest no-
tice.

October 19.

TAKEN up by the subscriber,
near Bourne's mill on Hickman
creek, a bay horse colt to years
old fourteen hands high, brands
not legible, appraised to 9l.
Also one sorrel mare three white
feet blaze face one year old, ap-
praised, to 9l.

Valentine Dickinson

Fayette, August, 17 1795

WHEREAS my wife Mary Hil-
len, has left my bed and
board without any just cause and
refuses to return to me; therefore
I forewarn all persons from credit-
ing her on my account as I am de-
termined not to pay any debts of
her contracting after this date.

James Hillen.

October 20, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, a
bay Horse, eleven or twelve
years old, about fourteen hands
high, a small star in his forehead,
his near hind foot white, a speck
in his right eye, a red spot on his
right thigh near his flank, trots
naturally, no perceivable brands,
appraised to twelve pounds.

James Wooldridge.

May 2.

ALL persons having accounts
unsettled with the subscriber, are
now called upon to come for-
ward and have them adjusted.
Those indebted to them are re-
quested to pay their respective bal-
ances. And those having in pos-
session their due bills, or to whom
they are in any wise indebted, are
requested to call and receive pay-
ment.

PETER JANUARY, JUN. & Co.

Lexington, July 29, 1795.

Kentucky Jc.

October Court of Appeals, 1795.

Jos. Smith, Plaintiff

Against

Chapman Austin, &c. Defendants.

In Chancery.

THE Defendant Austin not hav-
ing entered his appearance
herein agreeable to a rule of this
Court, and it appearing by satisfac-
tory proof to the court, that he is
not an inhabitant of this State—on
the motion of the Complainant by
his Counsel, it is ordered, that the
said Defendant do appear here on
the twelfth day of next May term
and answer the Complainant's bill.
And that a copy of this order be
published three times in the Ken-
tucky Gazette.

A Copy. Telle

Thomas Todd, C.C.A.

(G.N.p.)

THE LOTS

IN the town of AUGUSTA, Ma-
son county, ten miles below
Limestone, on the Ohio river, will
be sold at public vendue on the
third day of November next. Six
months credit for one half the pur-
chase money, and twelve months
for the other half.

PHILIP BUCKNER.

October 22.

TAKEN up by the subscriber on
the head of North Elkhorn,
Fayette county, a bay mare, three
years old, twelve hands and a half
high, branded on the near flank
and buttock D T a blaze face,
some saddle spots, appraised to...

Savil Hardt.

August 26.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in
Fayette county, on the Hick-
man road, about three miles from
Lexington, a gray Mare, fourteen
hands high, branded S on the jaw
and near shoulder and buttock, low
in flesh, has a young colt; ap-
praised to 12l.

Owen Owens.

July 24.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in
Bourbon county, near the
mouth of Strade's creek, a black
horse, branded on the near flank
thus M, and on the near jaw
and thigh 7, the off eye blind, a
natural trotter, about fourteen
hands high, about seven or eight
years old, appraised to 3l.

John Dawson.

May 22.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WILL PURCHASE A FEW HOGS-
HEADS INSPECTED

GoP TOBACCO.

—ALSO—

A quantity of good clean

WHEAT.

Delivered at their new Mill on
Tate's creek. They purchase
HEMP as usual.

They have received among their
last importation (through mistake)
a barrel containing 44 pair Sad
Irons. The owner is requested to
prove his property, pay charges,
and take them away.

E. Winters & Co.

JUST ARRIVED,

AND NOW OPENING FOR SALE BY

BENJAMIN STOUT,

NEXT door to Henry Marshall's
tavern, a handsome and gen-
eral Assortment of MERCHAN-
DISE, consisting of Dry Goods,
Groceries, Iron Menagery, Glass &
Queens Ware, Medicines, Boots
and Shoes, Calf Skins and Boot
Legs; also a quantity of Hops,
which he will dispose of on the
lowest terms for Cash, Whiskey,
Bear Skins, and country made Sug-
gar.

Lexington, Jan. 22, 1795.

I SHALL remove from Lexington
to Beargrass, near the Falls of
Ohio, by the first of November,
where I shall continue the business
of my office with due attention. I
have still for sale some valuable
LANDS upon Green river, the
Ohio, Paint creek and Caesar's
creek, N. W. of the Ohio.

RICHARD TERRELL.

Sept. 22, 1795.

M'COUN & CASTLEMAN,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND NOW

OPENING,

At their STORE, second door below
the sign of the Buffalo, a large &
general Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

consisting of

Dry Goods and Groceries

of all kinds;

Which they are determined to sell

low for CASH RIDES and Country

EN.

Lexington, August 10, 1795.

CASH will be given

FOR A
NEGRO BOY & GIRL,
Of good character. The Boy
between fifteen and twenty years
old, and the girl between ten and
fifteen. Enquire of the Prin-
ter hereof.

Lexington, August 17.

Take Notice,
THAT Commissioners will at-
tend on Thursday the twelfth
of November next, at the planta-
tion of Richard Rue, Shelby coun-
ty, on the west fork of Drenon's
lick creek, with sundry witnesses;
then and there to perpetuate their
testimony respecting said Rue's
improvement, for which he obtained
his certificate of a settlement
and preemption from the commis-
sioners; and do such other acts as
shall be judged necessary.

Richard Rue.

October 22.

GEORGE SMART,

CLOCK & WATCH MA-

KER,

FROM BRITAIN.

AT the corner of Main and Mul-
berry streets, in the brick
house lately occupied by Mr. Clark,
thinks it necessary to acquaint the
public, that he intends carrying on
the above business in all its various
branches; those who are pleased
to favor him with their custom,
may depend upon its being
done with punctuality and dis-
patch. He has a neat assortment
of thirteen inch plain double
moon and seconds from the centre,
eight day and thirty hour Clocks,
likewise a few Gold and Silver
Watches

—TO BE SOLD—

One hundred acres of

LAND.

WITH a never failing spring,
within two miles and a half
of Lexington; twenty-five acres
cleared, eleven or twelve of which
are in clover, blue grass and timo-
thy, also several convenient houses
—The title indisputable. Apply
to ALEXANDER & JAMES PARKER,
Lexington, September 2.

FOR SALE,

A tract of LAND,

Containing about thirty acres, ly-
ing within one quarter of a mile
of Lexington. ALSO

Two LOTS,

Lying on High street, on which
is an excellent dwelling house of
hewed logs, with a stone chimney,
and conveniently laid off into ap-
partments, a good kitchen and out-
buildings.—For terms apply to A-
LEXANDER & JAMES PARKER
of Lexington.

The Subscriber having began Manu-

facturing

CORDAGE,

Wants a quantity of

GOOD WELL CLEANED

HEMP,

(As no other kind will be received.)

FOR which he will pay a GO-
DEROUS PRICE in CASH and
MERCHANDIZE, in the Stores of
THOMAS HART & SON, or SAMUEL
PRICE & Co.

Thomas Hart.

July 10.

A Few

Journeymen Rope-Makers

Will meet with encouragement by

applying as above. If

Wanted to Purchase,

A few Hogheads of

Good Inspected

CROP TOBACCO.

For which a generous price will

be given. Apply to

Seitz & Lauman.

September 24.

FOR SALE,

Two hundred acres of LAND, on
North Elkhorn,

WITHIN one mile of
Georgetown, about fifty
acres cleared, laid off in
fields and well fenced, a good me-
adow and young fruit trees; im-
mediate possession to, and a general
warranty for the land, will be giv-
en by

Daniel Mosby.

August 11, 1795.

Wanted to Purchase,

By the subscriber,

A QUANTITY of good clean
Barley, old Wheat and Rye,
also a quantity of Hops, for which
a generous price will be paid in
Cash when delivered at the Brew-
ery in this place. Known by the
name of major Short's Brewery.
JOHN HOLMES, Jun.
Lexington, Aug. 31, 1795.

NEW STORE.

—♦—

W. W E S T,

At his NEW STORE, at the corner
between Maj. Morrison's Store
& Mr. Walter Taylor's Tavern,
has brought with him into this
State, a handsome Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which is determined to sell on the
most reduced prices. And as he is an-
xious to fill out, in order to return to
the Settlement next fall,

GREAT BARGAINS

May be got, either by Wholesale or
Retail. His Goods being purchased
with CASH, will enable him to sell
as Cheap as any Goods imported this
Season to Kentucky.

Amongst his Assortment, is

The Following Articles:

MUSLINS of all kinds,

Mullinets,

Marfelles Quilting,

Calicoes and Chinizes,

Shawls and Handkerchiefs of all

kinds,

Irish Linens from 2/6 to 9/6 per

yard,

India Nankeens,

Striped do.

Casimer Jacket shapes,

Mullinets do. tampered with gold

and silver,

Ditto with silk,

Toilettes for jacketting,

Bandana Handkerchiefs,

Barcelona do.

Moreens, Jeans, Durants, Wild-

bores and Bombazettes,

Manchester goods assorted,

Black Sattin and Mode,

Sarffnet and Persian,

Bed tickings and apron cloths,

Cotton and worsted stockings,

Silk stockings, gloves and mitts,

Leather gloves and mitts,

Ribbons, lace, edgings and fringe,

Velvet ribbon, tape and bindings,

Writing paper and school books,

Play books, jells and inkpowder,

Needles, pins, silk and twit,

A great variety of hard ware, cut-

lery, pewter and tin ware,

Hollow and window glass,

Hyson, Green and Bohea teas,

Cinnamon, pepper and allspice,

Madder, allum and indigo,

Raisins an almonds,

Lady's slippers, shoes and sandals,

A good assortment of blanketing

and woollens of most kinds,

With many articles which cannot

be here enumerated.

N. B No Credit can be given.

TAKEN up by the subscriber,

Living on the head of the East

branch of Hickman, Fayette Coun-

ty a small bay horse, about four

feet six or seven inches high, four

years old, a star in his forehead,

a snip on his nose, branded on

the near shoulder and buttock

thus 3 had on a 6f bell branded

1. Blare, tied on with a rope;

appraised to seven pounds.

HEZ. HARRISON.